NAME OF THE COURSE TAX SYSTEM									
Code	ECM211		Year of study	3					
Course teacher	Josip V		Credits (ECT	5					
	Paško Burnać, PhD		Type of instruction (number of hours)		L	S	Е	F	
Associate teachers					26		26		
Status of the course	obligate		Percentage o	30%					
	application of e-learning COURSE DESCRIPTION								
Course objectives	To introduce students with the functioning of the basic categories of the tax system.								
Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	Requirements for the course enrolment are regulated by the Statute of the Faculty of Economics, Business and Tourism and by the Rulebook of study programs and studying system.								
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Course learning outcome: Identify, analyze and link different tax forms that constitute the tax system Particular learning outcomes: 1. Identify and categorize the most significant tax forms of modern tax system. 2. Link the developments in the Croatian national tax system with developments in the European Union. 3. Identify, categorize and comment on the tax principles in theory and practice. 4. Analyze the most important tax forms of the Croatian system. 5. Examine the compliance of tax forms of the tax system in the context of								
Course content	conducting the appropriate tax policy. Lectures Exercises								
broken down in		Topic	Hours		Topi	С		Hours	
detail by weekly	Definit	ion of tax system	2	Definition o				2	
class schedule (syllabus)	Tax glossary and principles		2	Tax monisr	sm vs tax pluralism			2	
	Tax types and structure of mod tax systems		dern 2	Structure o	of tax system			2	
	Tax po	olicy	2	Tax policy in the Republic of Croatia			Croatia	2	
	Effects of tax policy		2	Effects of ta of Croatia	ax policy in the Republic			2	
	Tax clasification		2	Tax system Croatia	m in the Republic of			2	
	Income tax		2	Income tax	tax in Republic of Croatia			2	
	Corporate income tax (profit to		x) 2	Profit tax in	in Republic of Croatia		2		
	Value added tax		2	Value added tax (PDV) in Republic of Croatia		public	2		
	Proper Croatia	rty tax in the Republic of a	2	Property ta Croatia	erty tax in the Republic of tia			2	
	Other tax types		2	Practical ta	ıl tasks			2	
	Double taxation and its avoidar in national and international		nce 2	Practical ta	sk			2	

	context								
	Review of material			2	Review of material			2	
Format of instruction	X exercises ☐ on line in entirety X partial e-learning				nultimedia laboratory				
Student responsibilities	Activities to grant signature: the student must actively participate in lectures and exercises during the semester, must solve 2 self-evaluation tests in the moodle system and achieve minimum of 50% class attendance. Students who achieve at least 20% success on self-evaluation tests have the right to take the mid-term exam.								
Screening student	Class attendance	1	Researc	h		Practical traini	ng		
work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of	Experimental work		Report		Self-evaluation tests	valuation 0,5			
	Essay		Seminar essay			Practical tasks (Other)	0,5		
ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS	Tests	3*	Oral exa	m		(Other)			
value of the course)	Written exam	3*	Project			(Other)			
Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	* A student who achieves a positive grade from the first and second mid-term exam, should not take the final written exam. Mid-term exams contributes with 80% to total grade, practical tasks 10% and active attendance and successful solving of self-evaluation tests 10% of the total grade. Score thresholds and corresponding grades for written exams are: 0-59 points = insufficient (1) 60-69 points = sufficient (2) 70-79 points = good (3) 80-89 points = very good (4) and 90-100 points = excellent (5). The exam is considered passed if the student achieved a minimum of 60% of the total number of points from both mid-term exams individually or, alternatively, achieved a minimum of 60% of the total number of points in the final written exam. The final grade is formed as the sum of: 1) total points earned on written tests multiplied by a weight of 0.8, 2) practical tasks multiplied by a weight of 0.1. 3) class attendance and active participation in the class active class attendance and successful solving of self-evaluation tests multiplied by a weight of 0.1.								
Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title					Number of copies in the library	Availabi other n	-	
	Visković, J., , Course materials.					Mood	le		

	Zakon o porezu na dodanu vrijednost					
	Zakon o porezu na dobit					
	Zakon o lokalni porezima					
	Zakon o financiranju jedinica lokalne i područne (regionalne) samouprave					
	Tax policies in the European Union Survey, 4th Edition, 2020					
	Text books and books:					
	Nikolić, N.: Počela javnog financiranja, Ekonomski fakultet u Splitu, Split, 1999.					
Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Other sources: Tax Policy Report, 2021 OECD WORK ON TAXATION, 2021					
Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	 Class attendance records and documentation about students' results in fulfilling their obligations (lecturer) Class management surveillance (Vice-dean for education). Study efficacy analysis of all study courses (Vice-dean for education). Student poll on lecturer and class efficacy for each study course (University of Split, Quality Improvement Center) All course learning outcomes are to be verified by the course teacher during the exam. Exam content is being validated on regular basis in order to evaluate the appropriateness of means of examining the learning outcomes (Vice-dean for education). 					
Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	(1.22 333					