NAME OF THE CO	URSE	CRISIS MANAGEMENT							
Code	ESC501		Level of	studv	graduate				
Course teacher	Professo	or Dejan Kružić, PhD, ed Professor Marina vić, PhD		Credits (ECTS)					
Associate teachers	Izv.prof.	dr. sc. Ivana Bilić	Type of ii (number	L 26	S	E 26	F		
Status of the course	Obligato	ry	Percenta of e-learr	age of application 40%					
		COURSE	DESCRIPT	ION					
Course objectives	Acquiring theoretical and practical knowledge and critical thinking in the field of crisis management							isis	
Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	Course signature requirements: as determined by the Statute of the Faculty of Economics, Business and Tourism and Rules and Regulations for Studies and Study Programmes.								
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	GENERAL OUTCOME: 1. Predict the crisis and manage the crisis in the corporation (level 7 according to the HKO). Individual learning outcomes: 1. Identify and evaluate different aspects of a crisis (level 7 according to HKO). 2. Critically re-examine and determine the appropriateness of selected crisis strategies (level 7 according to the HKO). 3. Conduct the formation of a crisis management team (level 7 according to the HKO). 4. Determine the possibilities and the "cost" of the crisis recovery (level 7 according to the HKO). 5. Create Anti-Crisis Scenarios and Choose Anti-Crisis Fighting Tools (Level 7 according to HKO). 6. Design, evaluate and implement a crisis plan (level 7 according to the HKO).								
Course content								=	
broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	Week	Lectures	Herm	Exercises			11		
	1	Topic Crisis and crisis management	Hours 2	Topic Crisis behavior ar leadership	nd crisis		Hours 2	1	
	2	Crisis management in corporations	2	Case study: Crisis communication,		am	2		
	3	Business-crisis symptoms and occurrence	2	The most commo business failure	on cause	s of	2		
	4	The performances of companies in difficulty and the most common causes of business failure		Financial ratios a model – Z-score	nd Altm	an	2		
	5	Financial ratios and EWS	2	2 Lack of liquidity and insolvency			2		
	6	Turnaround strategies	2	Other early warn	2				

				ı	I		, , , ,		
	7 Key factors of succe turnaround			SS 2		ase study: Ana	-	2	
				2		ossibilities for	turnaround	_	
		8 Test 1 9 A radical shift in crisis				est 1		2	
	9				ypology of ren	2			
	10	Pre-sett	2		lan of financial		2		
		agreem			perational rest				
	11	Bankruptcy strategies		es 2		Procedural provision and		2	
			_		egal consequer	_			
	12	Manage bankrup	2		egal bodies in l	Dankruptcy	2		
	42	_	to 3		rocess	bankruntsu	2		
	13	and cred	ıkruptcy esta ditors	ite 2		Management in Process and fulf		2	
		and cree	aitors			bligations to c			
	14	The sati	sfaction of	2		he satisfaction		2	
		creditor		C	ase study: Cro				
		bankrup	otcy plan		C	orporation			
	15	Test 2		2	Т	est 2		2	
	X lecture	25			v:	independent as	cianments		
			orkshops			multimedia	ssigninents		
Format of	X exercises				☐ laboratory				
instruction	on line in entirety					x work with mentor			
	□ partial e-learning □ field work X guest lecturer								
			ura tha stuc	lant shoul	d nari	ticinate in solvi	ng 4 (self-evalu	ation) ta	
Student	To obtain a signature, the student should participate in solving 4 (self-evaluation) tasks, at least 3 out of 4 offered. Self-evaluation tasks are reserved exclusively to wine a								
responsibilities	_					ed success in t	•		
Screening							Practical		
student work	Class att	endance 1 Res		Research			training	1	
		rimental		Report			(Other)		
proportion of ECTS credits for	work			Seminar			` ′		
each activity so	1 LCCOV			essay		0,5	(Other)		
that the total	Tests		2	Oral exam			(Other)		
number of ECTS	10303						(0 tilel)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of	Written	exam	1,5	Project			(Other)		
the course)	Wilteen exam		','				(Guici)		
ŕ	Requirer	ment for t	the successfu	ıl complet	ion o	f the course is	60% of class atte	endance	·
Grading and evaluating	-			-					
student work in									
class and at the								ten	
final exam									
								·om	
			-	-			es). Practical wo	•	e
	study) refers to the analysis of a practical example (case study). Students who successfully analyze a case study get a higher grade.								
	successf	ully analy	ze a case stu	ıdy get a h	igher	grade.			

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	1 * Students who do not pass the course through tests will take the same through the								
	written and oral exams.								
	D.i.t. T. at	Cl.	Ī						
	Points Test	Grade	Points Exam	Grade					
	0 - 23	1	0 - 47	1					
	24 - 27	2	48 - 57 58 - 65	2					
	28 - 32	3		3					
	33 - 35 36 - 40	5	66 – 73 74 – and more	5					
	30 - 40)	/4 - and more)		Number of	Availability		
		copies in	Availability via other						
			the library	media					
	Kružić D., and	Bilić I (Unlimited	Moodle					
	materials	Dilic, i. (2021) C11313 Maria	gement,	reading	Omminiced	Wiodale		
	Fearn-Banks,	K. (2011):	1	NO					
	Approach, 4 th								
			ngs in EU count	ries, Eur	opean				
	Commission								
			pa.eu/info/polic	ies/iusti	ce-and-	Unlimited	Internet		
	· ·		civil-justice/civil	•		O'IIII'III'CC	meernee		
Required	law/insolven	_							
literature	Osmanagić Be		5	NO					
(available in the	poslovnu krizi		,	110					
library and via	Zagreb, 2003.	a do pos							
other media)	Insolvency/ba	nkruptcy	Unlimited	Internet					
	Commission, accessed 2022 from: https://e-					Omminica	meernee		
	justice.europa.eu/447/EN/insolvencybankruptcy								
	Crandall, W., F	Parnell, A	isis	1	NO				
	management in the new strategy landscape, Sage								
	publications, I	nc							
	Deloitte, (2016	-							
	response, and		Unlimited	Internet					
	from: <u>https://v</u>								
	strategic-risk/		11.12.24						
	Crisis Manage https://www.o		Unlimited	Internet					
	•			Λ (2017). Crisis Mana	rgement in U	otal Business –		
	1. Bilić, I., Pivčević, S. and Čevra, A. (2017): Crisis Management in Hotel Business – Insights from Croatia, Communication Management Review, Vol. 2 No. 2, p. 100-118.								
Optional	2. Marjan Gusev, M.; Ristov, S.; Prodan, R.; Dzanko, M. and Bilic, I. (2017): Resilient								
literature (at the	IoT eHealth solutions in case of disasters, Conference 2017 9th International								
time of	Workshop on Resilient Networks Design and Modeling (RNDM), p. 1-7.								
submission of	omission of crisis, case study of Croatia, Tools and Techniques for Economic Decision Ar (Eds.) Stanković, L. et al. IGI Global, pp. 208-224.						_		
study									
programme proposal)	4. Čuveljak, Jelena: Stečajni zakon, Komentar i sudska praksa, Zgombić & Partneri,								
F - F /	Zagreb, 2013.								
	 Sučević, Danko: Krizni menadžment, Lider, Zagreb, 2010. Stečajni zakon (NN 71/15). 								
	J. 5. 5.CC	., <u> </u>	· \··· / '! ' / /'						

	 Tipurić, D., Kružić, D., Lovrinčević, M.: Strategije u kriznim uvjetima, u: Strateški menadžment, Tipurić, D. (ur.), Sinergija nakladništvo d.o.o., Zagreb, 2013 (u tisku). Zakon o stečaju potrošača (NN 100/15).
Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	Registering students' attendance and success participation in carrying out of their self-evaluation duties (lecturer). Monitoring lectures and practice sessions (Vice Dean for Education). Students' Performance analysis in each course (Vice Dean for Education). Student questionnaire on the quality of lecturers and lessons for each course (University of Split, Quality Assurance Centre) The examination is used as an instrument to evaluate individual course outcomes by the course lecturer. The content of the exam is reassessed periodically to assure compliance with the course outcomes.
Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	The course is taught in Croatian and English. If it is possible exercise part of this course should be placed in info labs.