NAME OF THE COURSE Multidimensional information systems										
	EUB405									
Code Course teacher	Full P Garad Full P	rofessor Željko ča, PhD rofessor Maja šić, PhD	Year of study Credits (ECTS)			II 5 ECTS				
Associate teachers	Ivana	Ninčević Pašalić	Type of ins (number of			L 26	S	E 26	F	
Status of the course	Comp	oulsory	Percentage application	of e-lea	ırning	40%				
		COURSE DESCRIPTION								
Course objectives	 Get a comprehensive understanding of the concepts and solutions for data storage and business data analysis. Develop the ability to use tool(s) for the entire process of data warehousing and data processing (from data modeling and ETL, to presentation & visualization of data to end users using OLAP reports). 									
Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	Understanding of basic concepts of relational databases. Basic knowledge of MS Office Access.									
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	 Devise the process of business data analytical processing using multidimensional information systems. Re-examine the importance of data warehouse and OLAP systems for business analysis. Compare relational and multidimensional data model. Develop an appropriate multidimensional data model for a specific business problem. Develop ETL process for a specific business problem. Present business data using interactive OLAP analyzes and reports. 									
Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	¥	Lectures:			E	Exercises:				
	Weel	Topic Hours				Topic Hou			Hours	
	1	Defining multidimensio information systems. D meanings of the OLAP	ifferent	2	Micros system Introd	systems and reporting. osoft Dynamics NAV, the em and its functions. duction to OLAP ponent.		/, the	2	
	2	Functional requirement systems. Logical and p requirements. Limitatio relational databases ar spreadsheets.	hysical ns of SQL, nd	2		soft Dyna compon	mics NA\ ent.	/	2	
	3	Dimensions. Multidime types of data. Hierarch structuring. Dimension	ical	2	OLAP Conn	compon	namics N		2	

		I		1	1			
	Metrics. Visualization of			Desire of Mr. (1990)				
	4	multidimensional data.	2	Basics of Microsoft SQL	2			
				Server.				
	5	Hyper cubes. Multidimensional	2	Microsoft SQL Server data				
		data scheme.		warehouse. Database design	2			
		data scheme.		for OLAP reporting.				
			_	Microsoft SQL Server and				
	6		2	Business Intelligence				
		Star and snowflake data models.		Development Studio	2			
				(Integration Services).				
				Microsoft SQL Server and				
	7	Marki dia ana ana ina atau ana atau	2					
		Multidimensional formulas.		Business Intelligence	2			
		Hierarchical formulas.		Development Studio				
				(Analysis Services).				
	8	Test						
				Microsoft SQL Server and				
		Complex multidice as alexal		Business Intelligence				
		Complex multidimensional		Development Studio				
	9	formulas. Aggregation formulas.	2	(Reporting Services).	2			
	1	Sources of data. Links to data	-	CubePlayer OLAP client,	-			
		sources. Types of connections.		functionality and connectivity				
				to MS SQL Server 2008.				
		Transformations of data. Pre-						
	10		2	Modelling in OLAP Cube	2			
		aggregating.		Player.				
	11 12 13	Designing OLAP models.	2	Modelling in OLAP Cube	2			
		Specification of user requirements		Player.				
		Problems and limitations of OLAP	2	Reporting with SAP Crystal	2			
		models.		Reports.				
		OLAD applications	2	Reporting with SAP Crystal	_			
		OLAP applications.	2	Reports.	2			
		Data visualization. Presentations		Reporting with IBM Cognos				
		of case studies OLAP system	2	Insight. Final Assignment	2			
		applications.		presentations.				
	15	Test		1				
	15 1651			1				
	x lect	tures						
		ninars and workshops	x independent assignments x multimedia □ laboratory					
Format of		ercises						
instruction		line in entirety		with mentor				
	x partial e-learning							
	☐ field work			□ (other)				
	The course work can be described as a method of continuous student progress							
	evaluation since a model of accumulation of points has been formulated which							
Student	·							
	enables the student to collect points through various activities. The goal is that							
	every student collects sufficient number of points corresponding to a grade during							
responsibilities	the semester. In this model, a low result in one activity can be compensated by							
responsibilities	points in other activities and enabling students to decide how to allocate their							
	efforts.							
	Requirement for taking the test: 4 out of 7 assignments completed for the first test,							
	and 4 out of 6 for the second test.							
	and 2	+ out of 6 for the second test.						

	Requirements for the exam are completed final assignment and case study as well								
	as participating in at least 50% of all class meetings (25% for the part-time students).								
Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS	Class attendance	l' Research I				Practical training			
	Experimental work		Report		Tests (Other)				
	Essay	0.5 Seminar			Final assignme (Other)	1 ECTS			
	Tests	1.6		Workshop attendance (Other)	0,2 ECTS				
value of the course)	Written exam		Project		(Other)				
Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	book chapters and coursework), the student can get up to 14 bonus points. In the case of exam exemption, the score is based on the total number of points where every five points give a higher grade. Up to 10 points can be achieved in the oral part of the exam. Threshold and related grades: 0-70 insufficient (1) 71-75 sufficient (2) 76-80 good (3) 81-85 very good (4) 86-100 excellent (5) If a student does not have enough points from the assessment activities during the semester, he or she is required to take the final exam. The final exam can be organized in a written and/or oral way. The questions in the exam are of the essay-								
Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	type.		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
	Garača, Ž. & Ć Višedimenzijsk analitička obrac fakultet u Splitu	i informad da podata		Available online (from the institutional repository and via Moodle LMS)					
	Richardson, J. et al. (2021) Magic Quadrant for Analytics and Business Intelligence Platforms, Gartner.					Available online (via Moodle LMS)			
Optional literature (at the time of submission of study	Stephen Few (2 Second Edition	,		An Introduction	n to Visual Data	Sensemaking,			

programme proposal)	Papers: • Mijač, Tea; Jadrić, Mario; Ćukušić, Maja: The Potential and Issues in Data-Driven				
	Development of Web Personas // mipro proceedings / Skala, Karolj (ur.). Rijeka :				
	Croatian Society for Information and Communication Technology, Electronics and Microelectronics - MIPRO, 2018. 1427-1432.				
	Other publications:				
	SAS: The future of big data is data management, 2015. (e-book) available in Moodle LMS				
	and other sources (reports, papers, platform analyses) published in the e-course.				
	 Monitoring attendance and performance of other student obligations (teacher) Teaching Supervision (Vicedean for Teaching) 				
Quality assurance methods that ensure the	 Analysis of the success of studies in all subject studies (Vicedean for Teaching) Student Survey on the Quality of Teachers and Teaching for Each Subject Study (UNIST, Center for Quality Improvement) 				
acquisition of exit competences	The exam conducted by the subject teacher examines all learning outcomes of the subject. Periodic examination of the content of the exam is conducted on the basis of which the appropriateness of the method of checking the learning outcomes (Vicedean for Teaching)				
Other (as the proposer wishes to					
add)					